

Homework 4

Math 124, Fall 2004

Due Wednesday, October 19

No late assignments will be accepted as solutions will be posted on Thursday morning. Good luck!

Throughout this assignment we will denote by

$$\langle q_0, q_1, \dots, q_n \rangle = q_0 + \frac{1}{q_1 + \frac{1}{q_2 + \frac{1}{q_3 + \dots}}}$$

1. Find all primes p such that the equation

$$x^2 \equiv 13 \pmod{p}$$

has a solution.

2. (a) Evaluate the following infinite continued fractions.

i. $\langle 2, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1, \dots \rangle$

ii. $\langle 1, 3, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 2, \dots \rangle$

- (b) Expand $\sqrt{5}$ and $\sqrt{20}$ as continued fractions.

- (c) Find the continued fraction for the number $\sqrt{n(n+1)}$.

3. (a) Given positive integers $d < c$ show that

$$\begin{aligned} \langle a, c \rangle &< \langle a, d \rangle \\ \langle a, b, c \rangle &> \langle a, b, d \rangle \end{aligned}$$

- (b) Let a_1, \dots, a_n and c be positive real numbers. Prove that

$$\begin{aligned} \langle a_0, a_1, \dots, a_n + c \rangle &< \langle a_0, \dots, a_n \rangle & n = 2k + 1 \\ \langle a_0, a_1, \dots, a_n + c \rangle &> \langle a_0, \dots, a_n \rangle & n = 2k \end{aligned}$$

- (c) Let a_0, \dots, a_n and b_0, \dots, b_{n+1} be positive integers. State the conditions for

$$\langle a_0, \dots, a_n \rangle < \langle b_0, \dots, b_n, b_{n+1} \rangle .$$